

July 12, 2016

Via www.regulations.gov and email

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration U.S. Department of Transportation 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., PHP-30 Washington, DC 20590-0001.

### Re: Pipeline Safety: Information Collection Activities: Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposals, Submissions, and Approvals; Docket ID: PHMSA-2015-0205

To whom it may be concerned:

The Interstate Natural Gas Association of America (INGAA), a trade association that advocates regulatory and legislative positions of importance to the interstate natural gas pipeline industry in North America, respectfully submits these comments in response to the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA)'s Information Request regarding Docket ID: PHMSA-2015-0205.

INGAA appreciates your consideration of these comments.

Sincerely,

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Terry Boss Senior Vice President of OS & E Interstate Natural Gas Association of America 20 F Street, N.W., Suite 450 Washington, DC 20001 (202) 216-5930

INGAA appreciates the opportunity to provide comments on proposed revisions to the incident and accident report forms and associated instructions included in this Docket. INGAA collaborated with PHMSA on early versions of these revisions. INGAA agrees with PHMSA's goal to streamline and improve the incident data collection processes, and greatly appreciated the opportunity to contribute to the development of these form revisions. In response to the current Notice, INGAA offers the following additional comments and clarifications:

# I. Form PHMSA F 7100.2 (GT GG Incident Report) Comments

## Add Time Input Logic to Online Form

INGAA recommends that PHMSA incorporate logic in the online form to not accept recorded times that are earlier than the time indicated in A4. Local time (24-hr clock) and date of incident for the multitude of subsequent response fields (A4 shown below for reference). This will assist in preventing errors in entering data.



## Add Additional Selections for Reason for Incident

INGAA recommends that the 8. *Incident resulted from* proposed to be removed fields be retained in the proposed form (8 shown below for reference).



Additionally, there are some incidents that pipeline operators report which do not involve a release of gas. This should be selectable within *Incident resulted from* so those incidents can be analyzed separately from the incidents that involve the releases of gas. The reporting criteria and reasons for reporting are listed below.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 49 C.F.R. § 191.3

Incident means any of the following events:

(1) An event that involves a release of gas from a pipeline, or of liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, refrigerant gas, or gas from an LNG facility, and that results in one or more of the following consequences:

(i) A death, or personal injury necessitating in-patient hospitalization;

(ii) Estimated property damage of \$50,000 or more, including loss to the operator and others, or both, but excluding cost of gas lost;

(iii) Unintentional estimated gas loss of three million cubic feet or more;

(2) An event that results in an emergency shutdown of an LNG facility. Activation of an emergency shutdown system for reasons other than an actual emergency does not constitute an incident.

(3) An event that is significant in the judgment of the operator, even though it did not meet the criteria of paragraphs (1) or (2) of this definition.

#### **Clarify Area of Incident**

INGAA recommends that in *B10. Area of Incident (as found): (select only one)*, the description should be changed to *Area of Incident (at time of incident): (select only one)* 

ea of Incident (as found): (select only one) Belowground storage or aboveground storage vessel, including attached appurtenances
Underground ⇒ Specify: O Under soil O Under a building O Under pavement O Exposed due to excavation
O Exposed due to loss of cover_ O In underground enclosed space (e.g., vault) O Other
B10.a Depth-of-Cover (in): / / / / / /

This will help in preventing reporting confusion about the status of the incident site at the exact time of the event or after the event has occurred and the pipeline was uncovered as a result of the incident.

### **Original Test Pressure Should Be Entered in Part C**

INGAA recommends that the original test pressure at the time of construction be entered in Part *C3* if *Pipe* or *Weld/Fusion, including heat-affected zone* is selected. If this information is not available, the preparer can enter *Unknown*. This information will be useful in determining the effectiveness of pressure testing in preventing operational incidents (*C2* shown below for reference).

C3.c SMYS (Specified Minimu	um Yield Strength) of pipe (	psi): <u>/ / / /,/</u>	<u>/ / /</u>	
C3.d Pipe specification:		OR O Unknown		
C3.e Pipe Seam ⇔ Specify:	O Longitudinal ERW - Hig O Longitudinal ERW - Lov O Longitudinal ERW - Un O Spiral Welded-DSAW	v Frequency O Continu known Frequency O-	SAW O Flash Welde Jous Welded O Furm <del>Spiral Welded ERW 1</del> Seamless O Other_	ace Butt Welded
C3.f Pipe manufacturer:		OR O Unknow	n_ 3.g Year of manua	acture: //_/
C3.g formerly C3.h Pipeline co	ating type at point of Inciden	ıt		
⇒ Specify:	O Fusion Bonded Epoxy	O Coal Tar	O Asphalt	O Polyolefin
	O Extruded Polyethylene	O Field Applied Epoxy	O Cold Applied Tape	O Paint
	O Composite	O None		O Other

### Remove Option to Select Not Flammable for PIR

INGAA recommends to remove the present option in D3 to identify that the PIR is not applicable because the gas is *Not Flammable*. Since almost all incidents that are reported in this form involve a flammable gas (e.g. natural gas) being released, this is confusing and should not be an option (D3 is shown below for reference).

D3. What is the PIR (Potential Impact Radius) for the location of this Incident? / / / / / feet or O Not Flammable

### Change "Affected" Buildings to "Damaged" Buildings

INGAA recommends that the word *affected* in D10 and D11 be changed to *damaged* (D10 and D11 are shown below for reference). The terminology *affected* is unclear and subjective. For example, *affected* could mean damage to the building, or it could mean that building access is limited during the incident. INGAA believes that the intent of D10/D11 is to quantify the number of buildings damaged.

Buildings Affected	
D10. Number of residential buildings affected:	
D11. Number of business buildings affected:	

### **Clarify Benchmark for Wildlife Impacts**

The present proposed description in D12 for Wildlife Impact is very unclear about the intended benchmark that the preparer is trying to describe (D12 shown below for reference). If any ignition occurs, then there could be some terrestrial impact. There could be a single bird involved in the fire. The instructions are terse for this set of fields, so it is unclear what the intent of this information is for analysis.



### **Clarify Pressure Test in** *J***2**

INGAA recommends changing J2 to read: Other than an initial pressure test recorded in G5, has one or more additional hydrotest or other pressure test been conducted since original construction at the point of the Incident? The proposed instructions for J2 clarify that Information from the initial post-construction hydrostatic test is not to be reported, but the Form may still cause confusion (G5 question 5 and J2 shown below for reference).

Post-	construction pressure test value (psiq)— / / / / OR O Unknown
-	, Y
2. Has	one or more hydrotest or other pressure test been conducted since original construction at the point of the Incident? ○ Yes  → Most recent year tested: / / / / / Test pressure (psig): / / / / / / / /

## **Remove Questions Related to Legal Violations by Outside Motor Vehicles**

INGAA recommends removing questions 5 and 6 from the bottom of section G4 (questions 5 and 6 shown below for reference). INGAA believes that it would be inappropriate for an operator to comment/speculate as to potential violations. This should be left to the appropriate law enforcement and court structures.

as the vehicle or equipment be	ing operated in accordance with state or local laws? O Yes O No O Unknown
s No, what laws were violated (	select all that apply)
5a. Excessive Speed	
5b. Reckless Driving	
5c. Driving Under the Influ	ence
5e. Other, describe:	
	ne vehicle at the time of the collision? O Yes O No O Unknown

## **Clarify Definition of Contributing Factors**

INGAA recommends revising the introduction to *PART K – CONTRIBUTING FACTORS* to read: *If Contributing Factors were identified in addition to the Apparent Cause, select all that apply below and explain each in the Narrative* (introduction to *PART K* shown below for reference). This will help clarify that the Preparer should not select the Apparent Cause again in *PART K*.

 PART K – CONTRIBUTING FACTORS

 The Apparent Cause of the accident is contained in Part G. If Contributing Factors were identified, select all that apply below and explain each in the Narrative:

# II. Instructions for Form PHMSA F 7100.2 (GT GG Incident Instructions) Comments

## **Clarify Use of Correct Form Revision**

INGAA recommends General Instructions clarify that all Incident Reports be submitted using the Form revision which is active at the date of incident, including any Supplemental/Final Reports. INGAA is concerned about potential for redundant paperwork and information-collection efforts as PHMSA transitions to the revised Forms proposed in this Docket.

Because initial Incident Report may be submitted as long as 30 days after detection of an incident, INGAA suggests that PHMSA will need to retain Portal link for current form revision for a period of time after the proposed form revision is active.<sup>2</sup> During this time, the Form Preparer would click the appropriate Portal link based on date of the Incident and be directed to the Form that was active on that date.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 49 C.F.R. § 191.15

### **Expand Instructions for Time Inputs**

INGAA recommends that the instructions on the incident form clearly highlight that all recorded times on the form should be in local time and should occur after the A4. Local time (24-hr clock) and date of *incident* (A4 shown below for reference).

4. Local <mark>time</mark> (24-hr o	lock) and date of the Incide	ent:			
/ / / / / Hour	//////// Month Day	<u>/ / /</u> Year	9		
4.a Time Zone for loo	al time (select only one) C	Alaska O Easter	n O Central O Hawaii	-Aleutian O Mountain	O Pacific.
	in effect? O Yes O No		n O Central O Hawaii	-Aleutian O Mountain	

### Add Additional Selections for Reason for Incident

INGAA recommends that the 8. *Incident resulted from* proposed to be removed fields be retained in the proposed form (8 instructions shown below for reference).

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Additionally, there are some incidents that pipeline operators report which do not involve in a release of gas. This should be selectable within *Incident resulted from*, and explained accordingly within instructions for this section.

### Clarify C4/C5 Instructions

INGAA recommends that C4 instructions should be changed from *Enter the year the item that failed was installed* to *Enter the year that the item described in C3 was installed*. This clarifies which "item" is being referenced. INGAA recommends a similar wording change for C5 instructions (C4/C5 instructions shown below for reference).



### Remove Option to Select Not Flammable for PIR

INGAA recommends to remove the present option in D3 to identify that the PIR is not applicable because the gas is *Not Flammable*. Since almost all incidents that are reported in this form involve a flammable gas (e.g. natural gas) being released, this is confusing and should not be an option (D3 instructions are shown below for reference).

An operator is to answer this question for all incidents, regardless of whether or not the incident occurred in a high consequence area (HCA) or of the method used to identify an HCA. A PIR is one of the two methods for identifying an HCA, and this question and those immediately following are intended to collect data from actual incidents as part of a continuing effort to assure that the definition of a PIR is appropriate for that purpose. If the Incident involved the release of a non-flammable gas, select "Not Flammable."

### Change "Affected" Buildings to "Damaged" Buildings

INGAA recommends that the word *affected* in instructions for *D10* and *D11* be changed to *damaged* (*D10* and *D11* instructions are shown below for reference). The terminology *affected* is unclear and subjective. For example, *affected* could mean damage to the building, or it could mean that building access is limited during the incident. INGAA believes that the intent of *D10/D11* is to quantify the number of buildings damaged.

D10. Enter the number of residential buildings affected.

D11. Enter the number of commercial and industrial buildings affected.

### **Clarify Benchmark for Wildlife Impacts**

The present proposed description in D12 for Wildlife Impact is very unclear about the intended benchmark that the preparer is trying to describe. If any ignition occurs, then there could be a terrestrial impact. There may be a single bird involved in the fire. The instructions are terse for this set of fields, so it is unclear what the intent of this information is for analysis (D12 instructions shown below for reference).

D12. If wildlife was impacted, select Yes and indicate the type in D12a. Otherwise, select No.

# **Clarify Definition of Contributing Factors**

INGAA recommends adding clarification in the Instructions to note that Contributing Factors are *in addition* to the Apparent Cause selected in *PART G*. Therefore, the Contributing Factors selections should not include the Apparent Cause again in *PART K*.